

# POLICY PROVISIONS FOR Extra secure CI

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# 1. Policy Owners' Protection Scheme

This policy is protected under the Policy Owners' Protection Scheme which is administered by the Singapore Deposit Insurance Corporation (SDIC). Coverage for your policy is automatic and no further action is required from you. For more information on the types of benefits that are covered under the scheme as well as the limits of coverage, where applicable, please contact us or visit the Life Insurance Association (LIA) or SDIC web-sites (<u>www.lia.org.sg</u> or <u>www.sdic.org.sg</u>).

# 2. Our Responsibilities

Extra secure CI is a Non-participating rider that accelerates the death benefit of the Basic policy if the Life insured is diagnosed with any one of the covered 37 critical illnesses while the rider is in force. At the rider Expiry date, if We have not paid out any claims, this rider will end and no Benefits will be payable.

This rider can only be attached at the policy application of the Basic policy. This rider covers the Benefits described below.

# 2.1 Critical Illness (CI) Benefit

Extra secure CI pays the CI benefit as an advancement of the death benefit of the Basic policy if the Life insured is diagnosed with a covered critical illness during the policy term. If the CI benefit payable is lesser than the death benefit of the Basic policy, the death benefit will be reduced proportionately. You must continue to pay the revised Premiums to keep the rider in force. If Our payment for CI benefit is the full 100% death benefit of the Basic policy, both the Basic policy and this rider will be terminated.

We pay this CI benefit in full only for one of the covered critical illnesses, except for Angioplasty & Other Invasive Treatment for Coronary Artery. If the critical illness diagnosed is Angioplasty & Other Invasive Treatment for Coronary Artery, We will pay 10% of the CI benefit of this rider, subject to a maximum amount of S\$ 25,000 per policy. The remaining CI benefit (if any) will be paid on the next covered critical illness diagnosed that is not Angioplasty & Other Invasive Treatment for Coronary Artery. You must continue to pay the revised Premiums to keep the rider in force.

If the death benefit of the Basic policy is reduced due to a claim for TPD benefit and the CI benefit for this rider is higher than the revised death benefit of the Basic policy, we will reduce the CI benefit of this rider to be same as the death benefit of the Basic policy. The Premium of the rider will be reduced accordingly and You must continue to pay the revised Premiums to keep the rider in force.

We will only provide a maximum aggregate amount of S\$2.0 million per Life insured for all policies and riders issued in Singapore with CI benefits.

The 37 Critical Illnesses are listed below:

No	List of Critical Illnesses Covered*
1	Major Cancer
2	Heart Attack of Specified Severity
3	Stroke with Permanent Neurological Deficit
4	Coronary Artery By-pass Surgery
5	End Stage Kidney Failure
6	Irreversible Aplastic Anaemia
7	End Stage Lung Disease
8	End Stage Liver Failure
9	Coma
10	Deafness (Irreversible Loss of Hearing)
11	Open Chest Heart Valve Surgery
12	Irreversible Loss of Speech
13	Major Burns
14	Major Organ / Bone Marrow Transplantation
15	Multiple Sclerosis
16	Muscular Dystrophy

	Idiopathic Parkinson's Disease
	Open Chest Surgery to Aorta
19 A	Alzheimer's Disease / Severe Dementia
20 F	Fulminant Hepatitis
21 N	Motor Neurone Disease
22 F	Primary Pulmonary Hypertension
23 H	HIV Due to Blood Transfusion and Occupationally Acquired HIV
24 E	Benign Brain Tumour
25 \$	Severe Encephalitis
26 \$	Severe Bacterial Meningitis
27 A	Angioplasty & Other Invasive Treatment for Coronary Artery
28 E	Blindness (Irreversible Loss of Sight)
29 N	Major Head Trauma
30 F	Paralysis (Irreversible Loss of Use of Limbs)
31 7	Terminal Illness
32 F	Progressive Scleroderma
33 F	Persistent Vegetative State (Apallic Syndrome)
34 5	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus with Lupus Nephritis
35 0	Other Serious Coronary Artery Disease
36 F	Poliomyelitis
	Loss of Independent Existence

\*The Life Insurance Association Singapore (LIA) has standard Definitions for 37 severe-stage Critical Illnesses (Version 2019). These Critical Illnesses fall under Version 2019. You may refer to <u>www.lia.org.sg</u> for the standard Definitions (Version 2019).

# 3. Your Responsibilities

#### 3.1 Premium

The Premium that You pay for this rider is not guaranteed and may change depending on the claims experience. We will write to You to tell You the new Premiums at least 30 days before We make any changes to Your Premium.

#### 3.2 Bring Back Your Rider/ Reinstatement

If Your rider ends due to not paying an outstanding amount due, You may apply to bring back Your rider (reinstatement) within 12 months by:

- paying the outstanding amount You owe with interest and
- giving Us satisfactory proof of the Life insured's good health, at Your own expense.

Reinstatement will depend on Our approval.

# 4. What is Not Covered?

We will not pay the covered benefits in certain instances.

#### 4.1 CI Benefit

- a) We do not pay the CI benefit if the critical illness is directly or indirectly, wholly or partly caused by:
- A Pre-existing condition;
- The Life insured being diagnosed as having deafness before reaching Age 2;
- The Life insured being diagnosed with a critical illness which is caused by a congenital or inherited disorder before reaching Age 6;
- Intentional acts (sane or insane) such as self-harm or attempted suicide within one (1) year of the Policy issue date or the latest Reinstatement date (whichever is later);
- Effects of drug or alcohol addiction; or

- Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection, acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) or any AIDS related condition, unless the HIV infection is due to blood transfusion or occupationally acquired HIV.
- b) Waiting Period

We do not pay the CI benefit if:

- Major Cancer, Heart Attack of Specified Severity, as well as Other Serious Coronary Artery Disease is diagnosed; or
- The date of diagnosis of Coronary Artery disease leading to the performance of Coronary Artery By-Pass Surgery or Angioplasty and Other Invasive Treatments for Coronary Artery is; within 90 days from the Policy issue date or the latest Reinstatement date (whichever is later).

When there is condition(s) specific to the Life insured which We will not cover, We will state them on Our offer of conditional acceptance, the policy information page and Endorsement. When any of the exclusion happens, We will return the higher of either the total Premiums paid without interest, less any amounts owing to Us.

# 5. Making Claims from the Policy

#### 5.1 How to make a Claim

We must be informed in writing within 3 months of the event giving rise to the claim.

At Your own expense, You must give Us all documents and evidence We ask for to assess the claim. This may include re-examining the Life insured by a particular Doctor We appoint.

#### 5.2 Who do we pay benefits to

We may pay the Benefits to either You or Your executors, administrators, Nominees or any other Proper claimant if We have proof of the relationship of the person claiming the Benefit.

Before We pay any Benefit, We will deduct any amount You owe on this policy from the Benefit. By paying any Benefit to You, Your executors, administrators, Nominees or any other Proper claimants, it will end Our legal responsibility on that payment.

# 6. Our Rights

#### 6.1 Our Rights to challenge this contract

We cannot challenge the validity of this rider after 2 years from the Policy commencement date or the latest Reinstatement date, whichever is later. However, if there is fraud, We can challenge the validity of the rider even after 2 years have passed.

#### 6.2 Correction of Mistakes and Errors

When We find any mistake or error made in this rider, We will make the correction and inform You by way of an Endorsement.

# 6.3 Changes in Taxation, Regulations and Legislation

At any time when there are changes in taxation, regulations or legislation that will affect this rider. We may vary the terms of the rider. If We do so, We will notify You in writing.

#### 6.4 Errors in Age or Gender

If the age or gender of the Life insured is not correctly stated such that the premium paid is wrong, We may adjust the Benefits. For underpayment of premium, the claims will be pro-rated as if You have purchased a lower cover. For overpayment of premium, We will refund the excess Premium without interest.

#### 7. **Your Rights**

#### 7.1 **Free Look**

You may return this policy for cancellation within 14 days after You receive the policy document, for any reason. We will deduct any costs incurred by the Company in assessing the risk under the policy, such as payments for medical check-up and other expenses, from the Premium You paid and refund the balance to You. If Your policy document is sent by post, We consider this policy is delivered to You 7 days after the date of posting.

#### 8. When Will Your Rider End?

Your rider will end when one of these events happens first:

- a) Termination of the Basic policy;
- b) Rider Expiry date;
- c) We paid out the rider benefit in full;
  d) Premium is not paid on time and there is insufficient Surrender value in Basic policy; or
- e) Your written request and Our acceptance of the application to terminate this rider.

#### 9. What Do We Mean With These Words?

Age means the age at next birthday.

Basic policy means the policy as it exists, including the supplementary terms and any Endorsement made to it, without any optional supplementary contract / rider.

Benefit(s) means any payments that We will pay and/or the amount of Premium that We will waive when certain events defined in this policy occur.

Doctor means a licensed person who is qualified by degree in western medicine to practice medicine. The license is given by the appropriate medical authority of his country of residence to practice medicine within his scope of licensing and training. This cannot be you, the Life insured, a family member or a relative.

Endorsement means any written change to the policy which is issued and properly authorised by us.

Expiry date means the date the rider ends and where no benefit is payable.

Life insured/He means the person whom we provide the cover for. The Life insured does not have any right to the policy, unless he is also the policy owner.

Non-participating means it does not share in any surplus or profits of the company's fund.

Nominee(s) is a person that you have nominated (under the Insurance Act, Chapter 142 and Insurance (Nomination of Beneficiaries) Regulations 2009) to receive the policy monies payable under the policy upon your death. The nomination must be registered with us.

Participating means it shares in the surplus or profits of the life participating fund.

Policy commencement date means the date the policy commences, as shown in the policy information page. This is the date we take as the policy anniversary.

Policy issue date means the date we issue the policy. This is shown in the policy information page.

**Policy owner** is the person named as the owner in the policy information page or any Endorsement issued by us. The policy owner has full rights on the policy, unless the policy has been transferred to another party.

Premium(s) is the amount of money that you pay to us to keep this policy alive so you may claim for the benefits.

**Pre-existing condition** means the existence of any signs or symptoms before the Policy commencement date or the latest Reinstatement date (whichever is later), for which treatment, medication, consultation, advice, or diagnosis has been sought or received by the Life insured or would have caused any reasonable and sensible person to get medical advice or treatment.

**Proper claimant(s)** has the meaning in the **Insurance Act, Chapter 142**. It means a person who claims to be entitled to the sums in question as executor of the deceased, or who claims to be entitled to that sum (whether for his own benefit or not) and is the widower, widow, parent, child, brother, sister, nephew or niece of the deceased.

**Reinstatement date** is the date We reactivate Your policy to bring it back to life after it ended due to not paying an outstanding amount due.

We, Our, Us, the Company means Etiqa Insurance Pte. Ltd.

You, Your means the policy owner.

# 10. List of Critical Illnesses

Critical illness means any one of the following:

#### 1 Major Cancer

A malignant tumour positively diagnosed with histological confirmation and characterised by the uncontrolled growth of malignant cells with invasion and destruction of normal tissue.

The term Major Cancer includes, but is not limited to, leukemia, lymphoma and sarcoma.

Major Cancer diagnosed on the basis of finding tumour cells and/or tumour-associated molecules in blood, saliva, faeces, urine or any other bodily fluid in the absence of further definitive and clinically verifiable evidence does not meet the above definition.

For the above definition, the following are excluded:

- All tumours which are histologically classified as any of the following: Pre-malignant; Non-invasive; Carcinoma-in-situ (Tis) or Ta; Having borderline malignancy; Having any degree of malignant potential; Having suspicious malignancy; Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour; or All grades of dysplasia, squamous intraepithelial lesions (HSIL and LSIL) and intra epithelial neoplasia; Any non-malaname, akin carciname, akin carciname, autonous lumphame, and demotofibreace
- Any non-melanoma skin carcinoma, skin confined primary cutaneous lymphoma and dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans unless there is evidence of metastases to lymph nodes or beyond;
- Malignant melanoma that has not caused invasion beyond the epidermis;
- All Prostate cancers histologically described as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below; or Prostate cancers
  of another equivalent or lesser classification;
- All Thyroid cancers histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below;
- All Neuroendocrine tumours histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below;
- All tumours of the Urinary Bladder histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below;
- All Gastro-Intestinal Stromal tumours histologically classified as Stage I or IA according to the latest edition
  of the AJCC Cancer Staging Manual, or below;
- Chronic Lymphocytic Leukaemia less than RAI Stage 3;
- All bone marrow malignancies which do not require recurrent blood transfusions, chemotherapy, targeted cancer therapies, bone marrow transplant, haematopoietic stem cell transplant or other major interventionist treatment; and
- All tumours in the presence of HIV infection.

# 2 Heart Attack of Specified Severity

Death of heart muscle due to ischaemia, that is evident by at least three of the following criteria proving the occurrence of a new heart attack:

- History of typical chest pain;
- New characteristic electrocardiographic changes; with the development of any of the following: ST elevation or depression, T wave inversion, pathological Q waves or left bundle branch block;
- Elevation of the cardiac biomarkers, inclusive of CKMB above the generally accepted normal laboratory levels or Cardiac Troponin T or I at 0.5ng/ml and above;
- Imaging evidence of new loss of viable myocardium or new regional wall motion abnormality. The imaging must be done by Cardiologist specified by the Company.

For the above definition, the following are excluded:

- Angina;
- Heart attack of indeterminate age; and
- A rise in cardiac biomarkers or Troponin T or I following an intra-arterial cardiac procedure including, but not limited to, coronary angiography and coronary angioplasty.

Explanatory note: 0.5ng/ml = 0.5ug/L = 500pg/ml

## 3 Stroke with Permanent Neurological Deficit

A cerebrovascular incident including infarction of brain tissue, cerebral and subarachnoid haemorrhage, intracerebral embolism and cerebral thrombosis resulting in permanent neurological deficit. This diagnosis must be supported by all of the following conditions:

- Evidence of permanent clinical neurological deficit confirmed by a neurologist at least 6 weeks after the event; and
- Findings on Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Computerised Tomography, or other reliable imaging techniques consistent with the diagnosis of a new stroke.

The following are excluded:

- Transient Ischaemic Attacks;
- Brain damage due to an accident or injury, infection, vasculitis, and inflammatory disease;
- Vascular disease affecting the eye or optic nerve;
- Ischaemic disorders of the vestibular system; and
- Secondary haemorrhage within a pre-existing cerebral lesion.

## 4 Coronary Artery By-pass Surgery

The actual undergoing of open-chest surgery or Minimally Invasive Direct Coronary Artery Bypass surgery to correct the narrowing or blockage of one or more coronary arteries with bypass grafts. This diagnosis must be supported by angiographic evidence of significant coronary artery obstruction and the procedure must be considered medically necessary by a consultant cardiologist.

Angioplasty and all other intra-arterial, catheter-based techniques, 'keyhole' or laser procedures are excluded.

#### 5 End Stage Kidney Failure

Chronic irreversible failure of both kidneys requiring either permanent renal dialysis or kidney transplantation.

#### 6 Irreversible Aplastic Anaemia

Chronic persistent and irreversible bone marrow failure, confirmed by biopsy, which results in anaemia, neutropenia and thrombocytopenia requiring treatment with at least one of the following:

- Blood product transfusion;
- Bone marrow stimulating agents;
- Immunosuppressive agents; or
- Bone marrow or haematopoietic stem cell transplantation.

The diagnosis must be confirmed by a haematologist.

#### 7 End Stage Lung Disease

End stage lung disease, causing chronic respiratory failure. This diagnosis must be supported by evidence of all of the following:

- FEV<sub>1</sub> test results which are consistently less than 1 litre;
- Permanent supplementary oxygen therapy for hypoxemia;
- Arterial blood gas analyses with partial oxygen pressures of 55mmHg or less (PaO₂ ≤ 55mmHg); and
- Dyspnea at rest.

The diagnosis must be confirmed by a respiratory physician.

## 8 End Stage Liver Failure

End stage liver failure as evidenced by all of the following:

- Permanent jaundice;
- Ascites; and
- Hepatic encephalopathy.

Liver disease secondary to alcohol or drug abuse is excluded.

#### 9 Coma

A coma that persists for at least 96 hours. This diagnosis must be supported by evidence of all of the following:

- No response to external stimuli for at least 96 hours;
- Life support measures are necessary to sustain life; and
- Brain damage resulting in permanent neurological deficit which must be assessed at least 30 days after the onset of the coma.

For the above definition, medically induced coma and coma resulting directly from alcohol or drug abuse are excluded.

#### 10 Deafness (Irreversible Loss of Hearing)

Total and irreversible loss of hearing in both ears as a result of illness or accident. This diagnosis must be supported by audiometric and sound-threshold tests provided and certified by an Ear, Nose, Throat (ENT) specialist.

Total means "the loss of at least 80 decibels in all frequencies of hearing".

Irreversible means "cannot be reasonably restored to at least 40 decibels by medical treatment, hearing aid and/or surgical procedures consistent with the current standard of the medical services available in Singapore after a period of 6 months from the date of intervention."

## 11 Open Chest Heart Valve Surgery

The actual undergoing of open-heart surgery to replace or repair heart valve abnormalities. The diagnosis of heart valve abnormality must be supported by cardiac catheterization or echocardiogram and the procedure must be considered medically necessary by a consultant cardiologist.

#### 12 Irreversible Loss of Speech

Total and irreversible loss of the ability to speak as a result of injury or disease to the vocal cords. The inability to speak must be established for a continuous period of 12 months. This diagnosis must be supported by medical evidence furnished by an Ear, Nose, Throat (ENT) specialist.

All psychiatric related causes are excluded.

#### 13 Major Burns

or

Third degree (full thickness of the skin) burns covering at least 20% of the surface of the Life Assured's body.

#### 14 Major Organ / Bone Marrow Transplantation

The receipt of a transplant of:

- Human bone marrow using haematopoietic stem cells preceded by total bone marrow ablation;
- One of the following human organs: heart, lung, liver, kidney, pancreas, that resulted from irreversible end stage failure of the relevant organ.

Other stem cell transplants are excluded.

#### 15 Multiple Sclerosis

The definite diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis, and must be supported by all of the following:

- Investigations which unequivocally confirm the diagnosis to be Multiple Sclerosis; and
- Multiple neurological deficits which occurred over a continuous period of at least 6 months.

Other causes of neurological damage such as SLE and HIV are excluded.

#### 16 Muscular Dystrophy

The unequivocal diagnosis of muscular dystrophy must be made by a consultant neurologist. The condition must result in the inability of the Life Assured to perform (whether aided or unaided) at least 3 of the 6 "Activities of Daily Living" for a continuous period of at least 6 months.

For the purpose of this definition, "aided" shall mean with the aid of special equipment, device and/or apparatus and not pertaining to human aid.

#### 17 Idiopathic Parkinson's Disease

The unequivocal diagnosis of idiopathic Parkinson's Disease by a consultant neurologist. This diagnosis must be supported by all of the following conditions:

- The disease cannot be controlled with medication; and
- Inability of the Life Assured to perform (whether aided or unaided) at least 3 of the 6 "Activities of Daily Living" for a continuous period of at least 6 months.

For the purpose of this definition, "aided" shall mean with the aid of special equipment, device and/or apparatus and not pertaining to human aid.

## 18 Open Chest Surgery to Aorta

The actual undergoing of major surgery to repair or correct an aneurysm, narrowing, obstruction or dissection of the aorta through surgical opening of the chest or abdomen. For the purpose of this definition, aorta shall mean the thoracic and abdominal aorta but not its branches.

Surgery performed using only minimally invasive or intra-arterial techniques are excluded.

#### 19 Alzheimer's Disease / Severe Dementia

Deterioration or loss of cognitive function as confirmed by clinical evaluation and imaging tests, arising from Alzheimer's disease or irreversible organic disorders, resulting in significant reduction in mental and social functioning requiring the continuous supervision of the life assured. This diagnosis must be supported by the clinical confirmation of an appropriate consultant and supported by the Company's appointed doctor.

The following are excluded:

- Non-organic diseases such as neurosis and psychiatric illnesses; and
- Alcohol related brain damage.

#### 20 Fulminant Hepatitis

A submassive to massive necrosis of the liver by the Hepatitis virus, leading precipitously to liver failure. This diagnosis must be supported by all of the following:

- Rapid decreasing of liver size as confirmed by abdominal ultrasound;
- Necrosis involving entire lobules, leaving only a collapsed reticular framework;
- Rapid deterioration of liver function tests;
- Deepening jaundice; and
- Hepatic encephalopathy.

#### 21 Motor Neurone Disease

Motor neurone disease characterised by progressive degeneration of corticospinal tracts and anterior horn cells or bulbar efferent neurones which include spinal muscular atrophy, progressive bulbar palsy, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis and primary lateral sclerosis. This diagnosis must be confirmed by a neurologist as progressive and resulting in permanent neurological deficit.

#### 22 Primary Pulmonary Hypertension

Primary Pulmonary Hypertension with substantial right ventricular enlargement confirmed by investigations including cardiac catheterisation, resulting in permanent physical impairment of at least Class IV of the New York Heart Association (NYHA) Classification of Cardiac Impairment.

The NYHA Classification of Cardiac Impairment:

- Class I: No limitation of physical activity. Ordinary physical activity does not cause undue fatigue, dyspnea, or anginal pain.
- Class II: Slight limitation of physical activity. Ordinary physical activity results in symptoms.
- Class III: Marked limitation of physical activity. Comfortable at rest, but less than ordinary activity causes symptoms.
- Class IV: Unable to engage in any physical activity without discomfort. Symptoms may be present even at rest.

#### 23 HIV Due to Blood Transfusion and Occupationally Acquired HIV

- A. Infection with the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) through a blood transfusion, provided that all of the following conditions are met:
- The blood transfusion was medically necessary or given as part of a medical treatment;
- The blood transfusion was received in Singapore after the Issue Date, Date of endorsement or Date of reinstatement of this Supplementary Contract, whichever is the later; and
- The source of the infection is established to be from the Institution that provided the blood transfusion and the Institution is able to trace the origin of the HIV tainted blood.
- B. Infection with the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) which resulted from an accident occurring after the Issue Date, date of endorsement or date of reinstatement of this Supplementary Contract, whichever is the later whilst the Insured was carrying out the normal professional duties of his or her occupation in Singapore, provided that all of the following are proven to the Company's satisfaction:
- Proof that the accident involved a definite source of the HIV infected fluids;
- Proof of sero-conversion from HIV negative to HIV positive occurring during the 180 days after the documented accident. This proof must include a negative HIV antibody test conducted within 5 days of the accident; and
- HIV infection resulting from any other means including sexual activity and the use of intravenous drugs is excluded.

This benefit is only payable when the occupation of the insured is a medical practitioner, housemen, medical student, state registered nurse, medical laboratory technician, dentist (surgeon and nurse) or paramedical worker, working in medical centre or clinic (in Singapore).

This benefit will not apply under either section A or B where a cure has become available prior to the infection. "Cure" means any treatment that renders the HIV inactive or non-infectious.

# 24 Benign Brain Tumor

Benign brain tumour means a non-malignant tumour located in the cranial vault and limited to the brain, meninges or cranial nerves where all of the following conditions are met:

- It has undergone surgical removal or, if inoperable, has caused a permanent neurological deficit; and
- Its presence must be confirmed by a neurologist or neurosurgeon and supported by findings on Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Computerised Tomography, or other reliable imaging techniques.

The following are excluded:

- Cysts;
- Abscess;
- Angioma;
- Granulomas;
- Vascular Malformations;
- Haematomas; and
- Tumours of the pituitary gland, spinal cord and skull base.

#### 25 Severe Encephalitis

Severe inflammation of brain substance (cerebral hemisphere, brainstem or cerebellum) and resulting in permanent neurological deficit which must be documented for at least 6 weeks. This diagnosis must be certified by a consultant neurologist, and supported by any confirmatory diagnostic tests.

Encephalitis caused by HIV infection is excluded.

#### 26 Severe Bacterial Meningitis

Bacterial infection resulting in severe inflammation of the membranes of the brain or spinal cord resulting in significant, irreversible and permanent neurological deficit. The neurological deficit must persist for at least 6 weeks. This diagnosis must be confirmed by:

- The presence of bacterial infection in cerebrospinal fluid by lumbar puncture; and
- A consultant neurologist.

Bacterial Meningitis in the presence of HIV infection is excluded.

#### 27 Angioplasty & Other Invasive Treatment for Coronary Artery

The actual undergoing of balloon angioplasty or similar intra-arterial catheter procedure to correct a narrowing of minimum 60% stenosis, of one or more major coronary arteries as shown by angiographic evidence. The revascularisation must be considered medically necessary by a consultant cardiologist.

Coronary arteries herein refer to left main stem, left anterior descending, circumflex and right coronary artery.

Payment under this condition is limited to 10% of the Sum Assured under this policy subject to a \$\$25,000 maximum sum payable. This benefit is payable once only and shall be deducted from the amount of this Contract, thereby reducing the amount of the Sum Assured which may be payable herein.

Diagnostic angiography is excluded.

#### 28 Blindness (Irreversible Loss of Sight)

Permanent and irreversible loss of sight in both eyes as a result of illness or accident to the extent that even when tested with the use of visual aids, vision is measured at 6/60 or worse in both eyes using a Snellen eye chart or equivalent test, or visual field of 20 degrees or less in both eyes. The blindness must be confirmed by an ophthalmologist.

The blindness must not be correctable by surgical procedures, implants or any other means.

#### 29 Major Head Trauma

Accidental head injury resulting in permanent neurological deficit to be assessed no sooner than 6 weeks from the date of the accident. This diagnosis must be confirmed by a consultant neurologist and supported by relevant findings on Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Computerised Tomography, or other reliable imaging techniques. "Accident" means an event of violent, unexpected, external, involuntary and visible nature which is independent of any other cause and is the sole cause of the head Injury.

The following are excluded:

- Spinal cord injury; and
- Head injury due to any other causes.

#### 30 Paralysis (Irreversible Loss of Use of Limbs)

Total and irreversible loss of use of at least 2 entire limbs due to injury or disease persisting for a period of at least 6 weeks and with no foreseeable possibility of recovery. This condition must be confirmed by a consultant neurologist.

Self-inflicted injuries are excluded.

#### 31 Terminal Illness

The conclusive diagnosis of an illness that is expected to result in the death of the Life Assured within 12 months. This diagnosis must be supported by a specialist and confirmed by the Company's appointed doctor.

Terminal illness in the presence of HIV infection is excluded.

#### 32 Progressive Scleroderma

A systemic collagen-vascular disease causing progressive diffuse fibrosis in the skin, blood vessels and visceral organs. This diagnosis must be unequivocally confirmed by a consultant rheumatologist and supported by biopsy or

equivalent confirmatory test, and serological evidence, and the disorder must have reached systemic proportions to involve the heart, lungs or kidneys.

The following are excluded:

- Localised scleroderma (linear scleroderma or morphea);
- Eosinophilic fascitis; and
- CREST syndrome.

#### 33 Persistent Vegetative State (Apallic Syndrome)

Universal necrosis of the brain cortex with the brainstem intact. This diagnosis must be definitely confirmed by a consultant neurologist holding such an appointment at an approved hospital. This condition has to be medically documented for at least one month.

#### 34 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus with Lupus Nephritis

The unequivocal diagnosis of Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) based on recognised diagnostic criteria and supported with clinical and laboratory evidence. In respect of this contract, systemic lupus erythematosus will be restricted to those forms of systemic lupus erythematosus which involve the kidneys (Class III to Class VI Lupus Nephritis, established by renal biopsy, and in accordance with the RPS/ISN classification system). The final diagnosis must be confirmed by a certified doctor specialising in Rheumatology and Immunology.

The RPS/ISN classification of lupus nephritis:

- Class I Minimal mesangial lupus nephritis
- Class II Mesangial proliferative lupus nephritis
- Class III Focal lupus nephritis (active and chronic; proliferative and sclerosing)
- Class IV Diffuse lupus nephritis (active and chronic; proliferative and sclerosing; segmental and global)
- Class V Membranous lupus nephritis
- Class VI Advanced sclerosis lupus nephritis

#### 35 Other Serious Coronary Artery Disease

The narrowing of the lumen of at least one coronary artery by a minimum of 75% and of two others by a minimum of 60%, as proven by invasive coronary angiography, regardless of whether or not any form of coronary artery surgery has been performed.

Diagnosis by Imaging or non-invasive diagnostic procedures such as CT scan or MRI does not meet the confirmatory status required by the definition.

Coronary arteries herein refer to left main stem, left anterior descending, circumflex and right coronary artery. The branches of the above coronary arteries are excluded.

#### 36 Poliomyelitis

The occurrence of Poliomyelitis where the following conditions are met:

- Poliovirus is identified as the cause,
- Paralysis of the limb muscles or respiratory muscles must be present and persist for at least 3 months.

The diagnosis must be confirmed by a consultant neurologist or specialist in the relevant medical field.

#### 37 Loss of Independent Existence

A condition as a result of a disease, illness or injury whereby the Life Assured is unable to perform (whether aided or unaided) at least 3 of the 6 "Activities of Daily Living", for a continuous period of 6 months. This condition must be confirmed by the company's approved doctor.

Non-organic diseases such as neurosis and psychiatric illnesses are excluded.

For the purpose of this definition, "aided" shall mean with the aid of special equipment, device and/or apparatus and not pertaining to human aid.

#### Others

The following two terms can be found in some of the above definitions, and their meanings are as follows:

#### 1. Permanent Neurological Deficit

Permanent means expected to last throughout the lifetime of the Life Assured.

Permanent neurological deficit means symptoms of dysfunction in the nervous system that are present on clinical examination and expected to last throughout the lifetime of the Life Assured. Symptoms that are covered include numbness, paralysis, localized weakness, dysarthria (difficulty with speech), aphasia (inability to speak), dysphagia (difficulty swallowing), visual impairment, difficulty in walking, lack of coordination, tremor, seizures, dementia, delirium and coma.

#### 2. Activities of Daily Living (ADLs)

- (i) Washing the ability to wash in the bath or shower (including getting into and out of the bath or shower) or wash satisfactorily by other means;
- (ii) Dressing the ability to put on, take off, secure and unfasten all garments and, as appropriate, any braces, artificial limbs or other surgical appliances;
- (iii) Transferring the ability to move from a bed to an upright chair or wheelchair and vice versa;
- (iv) Mobility the ability to move indoors from room to room on level surfaces;
- (v) Toileting the ability to use the lavatory or otherwise manage bowel and bladder functions so as to maintain a satisfactory level of personal hygiene;
- (vi) Feeding the ability to feed oneself once food has been prepared and made available.