



POLICY CONTRACT FOR
Extra secure waiver II – t

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1 Policy Owners' Protection Scheme

This policy is protected under the Policy Owners' Protection Scheme which is administered by the Singapore Deposit Insurance Corporation (SDIC). Coverage for your policy is automatic and no further action is required from you. For more information on the types of benefits that are covered under the scheme as well as the limits of coverage, where applicable, please contact us or visit the Life Insurance Association (LIA) or SDIC web-sites (www.lia.org.sg or www.sdic.org.sg).

2 Our Responsibilities

This is a regular Premium Non-participating rider that waives the Premium of the Basic policy and any attaching riders if the Life insured is diagnosed with a covered severe-stage critical illness. At the rider Expiry date, if We have not paid out any claims, this rider will end and no Benefits will be payable.

This rider covers the Benefits described below.

This Policy Contract should be read together with the Policy Contract of the Basic policy.

2.1 Critical Illness (CI) Premium Waiver Benefit

This rider allows You to continue the Basic policy and any attaching riders without paying Premiums from the next Premium due date following the Life insured's diagnosis of a severe-stage CI for the first time during the policy term. The Premium will be waived up to earlier of the Policy anniversary before the Life insured turns Age 86 or the end of the Premium payment term of Your policy.

The 37 covered Critical Illnesses are listed below:

No	List of Critical Illnesses Covered
1	Major Cancer*
2	Heart Attack of Specified Severity*
3	Stroke with Permanent Neurological Deficit*
4	Coronary Artery By-pass Surgery*
5	End Stage Kidney Failure*
6	Irreversible Aplastic Anaemia*
7	End Stage Lung Disease*
8	End Stage Liver Failure*
9	Coma*
10	Deafness (Irreversible Loss of Hearing)*
11	Open-Heart Heart Valve Surgery*
12	Irreversible Loss of Speech*
13	Major Burns*
14	Major Organ / Bone Marrow Transplantation*
15	Multiple Sclerosis*
16	Muscular Dystrophy*
17	Idiopathic Parkinson's Disease*
18	Surgery to Aorta*
19	Alzheimer's Disease / Severe Dementia*
20	Fulminant Hepatitis*
21	Motor Neurone Disease*
22	Primary Pulmonary Hypertension*
23	HIV Due to Blood Transfusion and Occupationally Acquired HIV*
24	Benign Brain Tumour*
25	Severe Encephalitis*
26	Severe Bacterial Meningitis*
27	Blindness (Irreversible Loss of Sight)*

28	Major Head Trauma*
29	Paralysis (Irreversible Loss of Use of Limbs)*
30	Terminal Illness*
31	Progressive Scleroderma*
32	Persistent Vegetative State (Apallic Syndrome)*
33	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus with Lupus Nephritis*
34	Other Serious Coronary Artery Disease*
35	Poliomyelitis*
36	Loss of Independent Existence*
37	Cardiomyopathy

* The Life Insurance Association Singapore (LIA) has standard Definitions for 37 severe-stage Critical Illnesses (Version 2024). These Critical Illnesses fall under Version 2024. You may refer to www.lia.org.sg for the standard Definitions (Version 2024). For Critical Illnesses that do not fall under Version 2024, the definitions are determined by the insurance company.

The maximum aggregate amount payable is Two Million Singapore Dollars (S\$2,000,000) per Life insured for all policies and riders issued by Us with CI Benefits.

Please refer to Appendix A for the definitions of the covered critical illnesses.

3 Your Responsibilities

3.1 Premium

The Premium that You pay for this rider is not guaranteed and may change depending on the claims experience. Should there be any changes to your Premium, we will notify you in writing at least thirty (30) days before We make any changes to Your Premium. Premium are payable during the premium term and can be paid monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly.

You will pay the first Premium at the time You apply for this rider. Thereafter, You will pay all future Premiums within thirty (30) days from the due date or such other duration, where applicable, ("Grace period") so as to continue the rider.

Where applicable, this rider will lapse if the required Premium is not paid by the expiry date of the Grace period unless Your Basic policy has activated the automatic premium loan. This automatic premium loan is only applicable for selected participating policies, please refer to the Policy Contract of Your Basic policy for more information.

3.2 Reinstatement

If Your rider ends due to not paying an outstanding amount due, You may reinstate Your rider within twelve (12) months from the rider lapsed date by:

- paying the outstanding amount You owe with interest (if applicable) and
- giving Us satisfactory proof of the Life insured's good health, at Your own expense.

Reinstatement is subject to Our approval at Our sole discretion.

4 What is Not Covered?

There are certain conditions under which no Benefits will be payable. These conditions are stated as exclusions.

4.1 Critical Illness (CI)

We will not pay any Benefit if the CI is directly or indirectly, wholly or partly caused by:

- A Pre-existing condition;
- Intentional acts (sane or insane) such as self-inflicted injuries, suicide or attempted suicide;
- Effects of drug or alcohol addiction; or
- Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), AIDS-related conditions or infection in the presence of Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) except HIV due to blood transfusion and occupationally acquired HIV.

4.2 Waiting Period

We will not pay any Benefit if:

- Major Cancer, Heart Attack of Specified Severity, as well as Other Serious Coronary Artery Disease is diagnosed; or
- The date of diagnosis of Coronary Artery disease leading to the performance of Coronary Artery By-Pass Surgery is;

within ninety (90) days from the:

- Rider issue date;
- Rider commencement date; or
- Latest Reinstatement date

whichever is the latest.

When there is condition(s) specific to the Life insured which We will not cover, We will state them on Our Letter of Conditional Acceptance. When any of the exclusion happens, We will return the total Premiums paid (less any amounts previously paid to You under this rider) without interest, less any amounts owing to Us.

5 Making Claims from the Policy

5.1 How to make a Claim

We must be informed in writing within three (3) months of the event giving rise to the claim. At the Proper claimant's own expense, he/she must give Us all documents and evidence We ask for to assess the claim. This may include re-examining the Life insured by a particular Doctor We appoint.

We reserve the rights to reject Your claim if the terms and conditions stated in this Policy Contract are not met.

5.2 Who do We pay Benefits to

If the policy has been assigned, the Benefit amount will be paid to the Assignee. If the policy has not been assigned, the Benefit amount will be paid to either You or Your executors, administrators, Nominees or any

other Proper claimant, provided We have proof, as deemed sufficient by Us, of the relationship of the person claiming the Benefit.

Before We pay any Benefit, We will deduct any amount You owe on this policy from the Benefit. By paying out the Benefit, it will end Our legal responsibility on this policy.

6 Our Rights

6.1 Incontestability

Claims will not be rejected and this policy will not be voided or have its terms revised after this policy has been in-force for two (2) years from the Policy commencement date or the latest Reinstatement date, whichever is later, except for:

- a) fraud;
- b) material non-disclosure and/or misrepresentation of a material fact that would have impacted acceptance of coverage;
- c) non-payment of Premium; or
- d) policy exclusions.

However, if the above mentioned event occurs, We reserve the rights to void the policy, revise the terms of the policy or reject any claims even after two (2) years have passed. We will refund all Premiums paid (less any amounts previously paid to You under this policy) without interest and less any amounts owing to Us as well as any expenses incurred by Us in providing You the policy.

6.2 Correction of Mistakes and Errors

In the event of any mistake or error made in this policy, We will make the correction and inform You by way of an Endorsement.

6.3 Fraud and Misrepresentation

If You or Your executors, administrators, Nominees or any other Proper claimant obtains any sum payable under this policy through fraudulent means or devices, all Benefits paid under this policy shall be forfeited and must be immediately repaid. This policy will be terminated immediately and there will be no refund of Premiums. We shall have no liability in respect of such claims and shall be entitled to recover any payment made prior to the discovery of the fraud or misrepresentation.

6.4 Change of Address, Country of Residence or Citizenship

You must, as soon as practicable within three (3) months of the changes, notify Us in writing if there is a change in Your citizenship and / or usual country of residence. A change in the usual country of residence will be deemed to mean Your living or intending to live in another country other than Singapore in excess of twelve (12) consecutive calendar months.

You must also, as soon as practicable within three (3) months of the change, notify Us in writing if there is a change of address for the Life insured (if any).

We reserve the right and sole discretion to terminate or decline to renew the policy or continue cover on prevailing or varied terms and conditions.

6.5 Changes in Taxation, Regulations and Legislation

Should there be any changes in taxation, regulations or legislation that will affect this policy, We may vary the terms of the policy accordingly. If We do so, We shall notify You by giving You thirty (30) days' notice prior to such change.

6.6 Errors in Age / Gender / Smoker Status / Country of Residence

If the Age, gender, smoker status and/or country of residence of the Life insured is not correctly stated such that the Premium paid is wrong, We reserve the rights to adjust the Benefits. For underpayment of Premium, the claims will be pro-rated as if You have purchased a lower cover. For overpayment of Premium, We will refund the excess Premium paid without interest.

Based on the correct Age, gender, smoker status and/or country of residence, if the Life insured is not eligible to apply for this policy, We will not pay any Benefits and the policy will be terminated. When this happens, We will refund all Premiums paid (less any amounts previously paid to You under this policy) without interest and less any amounts owing to Us as well as any expenses incurred by Us in providing You the policy.

6.7 Prohibited Person Limitation and Exclusion

If You are or any relevant person is found to be a Prohibited Person:

- a) We are entitled not to accept the application; and
- b) if any policy is issued, We are entitled to end/terminate the policy, not pay any Benefits or not allow any transaction to be carried out under the policy. We will not refund any unutilised Premium when the policy is ended/terminated.

You will need to inform Us immediately if there is any change in Your or any relevant person's identity, status or identity documents.

Our decision in respect of this exclusion will be final.

7 Your Rights

7.1 Free Look

You may return this policy for cancellation within fourteen (14) days after You receive the policy document, for any reason. We will deduct any costs incurred by the company in assessing the risk under the policy, such as payments for medical check-up and other expenses, from the Premium You paid and refund the balance to You.

If Your policy document is sent by email, We consider this policy is delivered to You one (1) day after the date of emailing. If Your policy document is sent by post, We consider this policy is delivered to You seven (7) days after the date of posting.

8 When Will Your Rider End?

Your rider will end when one of these events happens first:

- a) Termination of the Basic policy;
- b) Rider Expiry date;
- c) The required Premium(s) is not paid by the expiry date of the Grace period (defined herein) as a result the rider lapse;

- d) Any missed Premium(s) during the premium payment term of an investment-linked Basic policy;
- e) A change in the primary Life insured under the Basic policy;
- f) Your written request and Our acceptance of the application to terminate this rider. If You write to Us to terminate Your rider, there will not be any prorated refund of Premium and Your rider will terminate from the Premium due date immediately following the date We accept Your written request for termination; or
- g) Any other cause of termination as permitted under or any change of laws or regulatory requirements, including court orders. Any other cause of termination as permitted under or any change of laws or regulatory requirements, including court orders.

9 What Do We Mean With These Words?

Age means the age at next birthday.

Basic policy means the policy as it exists, including the supplementary terms and any Endorsement made to it, without any optional supplementary contract / rider.

Benefit(s) means any payments that We will pay and/or the amount of Premium that We will waive when certain events defined in this policy occur.

Doctor means a licensed person who is qualified by degree in western medicine to practice medicine. The license is given by the appropriate medical authority of his country of residence to practice medicine within his scope of licensing and training. This cannot be You, the Life insured, a family member or a relative.

Endorsement means any written change to the policy which is issued and properly authorised by Us.

Expiry date means the date the rider ends and where no Benefit is payable.

Life insured means the person whom We provide the cover for. The Life insured does not have any right to the policy, unless he/she is also the Policy owner.

Nominee(s) is a person that You have nominated (under the **Insurance Act, Chapter 142** and **Insurance (Nomination of Beneficiaries) Regulations 2009**) to receive the policy monies payable under the policy upon Your death. The nomination must be registered with Us.

Non-participating means it does not share in any surplus or profits of the Company's fund.

Policy commencement date means the date the policy commences, as shown in the Policy Information Page.

Policy issue date means the date We issue the policy. This is shown in the Policy Information Page.

Policy owner is the person named as the owner in the Policy Information Page or any Endorsement issued by Us. The Policy owner has full rights on the policy, unless the policy has been transferred to another party.

Policy year / Policy anniversary is the 1-year period that starts on the Policy commencement date or any subsequent anniversary of the Policy commencement date.

Pre-existing condition means the existence of any signs or symptoms before the rider commencement date or latest Reinstatement date, whichever is later, for which treatment, medication, consultation, advice, or diagnosis has been sought or received by the Life insured or would have caused any reasonable and sensible person to get medical advice or treatment.

Premium(s) is the amount of money that You pay to Us to keep this policy in force.

Prohibited Person means a person or entity who is, or who is related to a person or entity:

- a) subject to laws, regulations or sanctions administered by any inter-government, government, regulatory or law enforcement authorities of any country, which will prohibit or restrict Us from providing insurance or carrying out any transaction under this policy; or
- b) who is involved in any terrorist or illegal activities or placed on sanction listing or issued with freezing order.

Proper claimant(s) has the meaning in the **Insurance Act, Chapter 142**. It means a person who claims to be entitled to the sums in question as executor of the deceased, or who claims to be entitled to that sum (whether for his own benefit or not) and is the widower, widow, parent, child, brother, sister, nephew or niece of the deceased.

Reinstatement date is the date we reinstate your rider back to inforce.

We, Our, Us, the Company means Etiqa Insurance Pte. Ltd. (Company Registration No. 201331905K).

You, Your means the Policy owner.

10 Takaful Principles

Refer to Your Basic policy for more information on Takaful principles.

In relation to this rider, based on *Wakalah* principle, You agree to the distribution and administration costs of 19% of the total premium for the rider over the policy term. You also agree that the remaining portion of Your Premium will be allocated as *Tabarru'* for the purposes of mutual support and cooperation.

In the event of excess of *Tabarru'* contributed by You, You agree to waive Your rights to the excess and it will be given to Us for Us to utilise where We deem fit including administering and/or investing the overall Family Takaful scheme.

Subject to Section 3.1, the distribution and administration costs are not fixed. Should there be any changes to Your Premium and the costs, We will notify you in writing at least thirty (30) days before We make any changes to Your Premium and the costs. Under such circumstances, You shall be deemed to have provided Your consent to the changes by paying the revised Premium to continue Your Policy.

11 Appendix A – List of Critical Illnesses Covered

Critical illness means any one of the following:

1 Major Cancer

A malignant tumour positively diagnosed with histological confirmation and characterised by the uncontrolled growth of malignant cells with invasion and destruction of normal tissue.

The term Major Cancer includes, but is not limited to, leukemia, lymphoma and sarcoma.

Major Cancer diagnosed on the basis of finding tumour cells and/or tumour-associated molecules in blood, saliva, faeces, urine or any other bodily fluid in the absence of further definitive and clinically verifiable evidence does not meet the above definition.

For the above definition, the following are excluded:

- All tumours which are histologically classified as any of the following:
Pre-malignant;
Non-invasive;
Carcinoma-in-situ (Tis) or Ta;
Having borderline malignancy;
Having any degree of malignant potential;
Having suspicious malignancy;
Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour; or
All grades of dysplasia, squamous intraepithelial lesions (HSIL and LSIL) and intra epithelial neoplasia;
- Any non-melanoma skin carcinoma, skin confined primary cutaneous lymphoma and dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans unless there is evidence of metastases to lymph nodes or beyond;
- Malignant melanoma that has not caused invasion beyond the epidermis;
- All Prostate cancers histologically described as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below; or Prostate cancers of another equivalent or lesser classification;
- All Thyroid cancers histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below;
- All Neuroendocrine tumours histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below; and all pituitary neuroendocrine tumours (PitNET) except Metastatic PitNET and Pituitary Carcinoma;
- All tumours of the Urinary Bladder histologically classified as T1N0M0 (TNM Classification) or below;
- All Gastro-Intestinal Stromal tumours histologically classified as Stage I or IA according to the latest edition of the AJCC Cancer Staging Manual, or below;
- Chronic Lymphocytic Leukaemia less than RAI Stage 3;
- All bone marrow malignancies which do not require recurrent blood transfusions, chemotherapy, targeted cancer therapies, bone marrow transplant, haematopoietic stem cell transplant or other major interventionist treatment; and
- All tumours in the presence of HIV infection.

2 Heart Attack of Specified Severity

Death of heart muscle due to ischaemia, that is evident by at least three of the following criteria proving the occurrence of a new heart attack:

- History of typical chest pain;
- New characteristic electrocardiographic changes; with the development of any of the following: ST elevation or depression, T wave inversion, pathological Q waves or left bundle branch block;
- Elevation of the cardiac biomarkers, inclusive of CKMB above the generally accepted normal laboratory levels or Cardiac Troponin T or I at 0.5ng/ml and above;
- Imaging evidence of new loss of viable myocardium or new regional wall motion abnormality. The imaging must be done by Cardiologist specified by the Company.

For the above definition, the following are excluded:

- Angina;
- Heart attack of indeterminate age; and
- A rise in cardiac biomarkers or Troponin T or I following an intra-arterial cardiac procedure including, but not limited to, coronary angiography and coronary angioplasty.

Explanatory note: 0.5ng/ml = 0.5ug/L = 500pg/ml

3 Stroke with Permanent Neurological Deficit

A cerebrovascular incident including infarction of brain tissue, cerebral and subarachnoid haemorrhage, intracerebral embolism and cerebral thrombosis resulting in permanent neurological deficit. This diagnosis must be supported by all of the following conditions:

- Evidence of permanent clinical neurological deficit confirmed by a neurologist at least 6 weeks after the event; and
- Findings on Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Computerised Tomography, or other reliable imaging techniques consistent with the diagnosis of a new stroke.

The following are excluded:

- Transient Ischaemic Attacks;
- Brain damage due to an accident or injury, infection, vasculitis, and inflammatory disease;
- Vascular disease affecting the eye or optic nerve;
- Ischaemic disorders of the vestibular system; and
- Secondary haemorrhage within a pre-existing cerebral lesion.

4 Coronary Artery By-pass Surgery

The actual undergoing of open-chest surgery or Minimally Invasive Direct Coronary Artery Bypass surgery to correct the narrowing or blockage of one or more coronary arteries with bypass grafts. This diagnosis must be supported by angiographic evidence of significant coronary artery obstruction and the procedure must be considered medically necessary by a consultant cardiologist.

Angioplasty and all other intra-arterial, catheter-based techniques, 'keyhole' or laser procedures are excluded.

5 End Stage Kidney Failure

Chronic irreversible failure of both kidneys requiring either permanent renal dialysis or kidney transplantation.

6 Irreversible Aplastic Anaemia

Chronic persistent and irreversible bone marrow failure, confirmed by biopsy, which results in anaemia, neutropenia and thrombocytopenia requiring treatment with at least one of the following:

- Blood product transfusion;
- Bone marrow stimulating agents;
- Immunosuppressive agents; or
- Bone marrow or haematopoietic stem cell transplantation.

The diagnosis must be confirmed by a haematologist.

7 End Stage Lung Disease

End stage lung disease, causing chronic respiratory failure. This diagnosis must be supported by evidence of all of the following:

- FEV₁ test results which are consistently less than 1 litre;
- Permanent supplementary oxygen therapy for hypoxemia;
- Arterial blood gas analyses with partial oxygen pressures of 55mmHg or less ($\text{PaO}_2 \leq 55\text{mmHg}$); and
- Dyspnea at rest.

The diagnosis must be confirmed by a respiratory physician.

8 End Stage Liver Failure

End stage liver failure as evidenced by all of the following:

- Permanent jaundice;
- Ascites; and
- Hepatic encephalopathy.

Liver disease secondary to alcohol or drug abuse is excluded.

9 Coma

A coma that persists for at least 96 hours. This diagnosis must be supported by evidence of all of the following:

- No response to external stimuli for at least 96 hours;
- Life support measures are necessary to sustain life; and
- Brain damage resulting in permanent neurological deficit which must be assessed at least 30 days after the onset of the coma.

For the above definition, medically induced coma and coma resulting directly from alcohol or drug abuse or self-inflicted injuries are excluded.

10 Deafness (Irreversible Loss of Hearing)

Total and irreversible loss of hearing in both ears as a result of illness or accident. This diagnosis must be supported by audiometric and sound-threshold tests provided and certified by an Ear, Nose, Throat (ENT) specialist.

Total means “the loss of hearing to the extent that the quietest sound that can be heard is 80 decibels or greater across all frequencies”.

Irreversible means “cannot be reasonably restored to at least 40 decibels or lower by medical treatment, hearing aid and/or surgical procedures consistent with the current standard of the medical services available in Singapore after a period of 6 months from the date of intervention.”

11 Open-Heart Heart Valve Surgery

The actual undergoing of open-heart surgery to replace or repair heart valve abnormalities. The diagnosis of heart valve abnormality must be supported by cardiac catheterization or echocardiogram and the procedure must be considered medically necessary by a consultant cardiologist.

The open-heart surgery refers to an incision on the heart for the direct visual replacement or repair of the heart valve abnormalities.

For the above definition, the following operation or procedures are excluded:

- The operation or procedure performed via endoscopic or keyhole surgery
- The operation or procedure performed via catheterisation

12 Irreversible Loss of Speech

Total and irreversible loss of the ability to speak as a result of injury or disease to the vocal cords. The inability to speak must be established for a continuous period of 12 months. This diagnosis must be supported by medical evidence furnished by an Ear, Nose, Throat (ENT) specialist.

All psychiatric related causes are excluded.

13 Major Burns

Third degree (full thickness of the skin) burns covering at least 20% of the surface of the Life Assured's body.

14 Major Organ / Bone Marrow Transplantation

The receipt of a transplant of:

- Human bone marrow using haematopoietic stem cells preceded by total bone marrow ablation;
or
- One of the following human organs: heart, lung, liver, kidney, pancreas, that resulted from irreversible end stage failure of the relevant organ.

Other stem cell transplants are excluded.

15 Multiple Sclerosis

The definite diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis, and must be supported by all of the following:

- Investigations which unequivocally confirm the diagnosis to be Multiple Sclerosis; and
- Multiple neurological deficits which occurred over a continuous period of at least 6 months.

Other causes of neurological damage such as SLE and HIV are excluded.

16 Muscular Dystrophy

The unequivocal diagnosis of muscular dystrophy must be made by a consultant neurologist. The condition must result in the inability of the Life Assured to perform (whether aided or unaided) at least 3 of the 6 "Activities of Daily Living" for a continuous period of at least 6 months.

For the purpose of this definition, "aided" shall mean with the aid of special equipment, device and/or apparatus and not pertaining to human aid.

17 Idiopathic Parkinson's Disease

The unequivocal diagnosis of idiopathic Parkinson's Disease by a consultant neurologist. This diagnosis must be supported by all of the following conditions:

- The disease cannot be controlled with medication; and
- Inability of the Life Assured to perform (whether aided or unaided) at least 3 of the 6 “Activities of Daily Living” for a continuous period of at least 6 months.

For the purpose of this definition, “aided” shall mean with the aid of special equipment, device and/or apparatus and not pertaining to human aid.

18 Surgery to Aorta

The actual undergoing of major surgery to repair or correct an aneurysm, narrowing, obstruction or dissection of the aorta through surgical opening of the chest or abdomen. For the purpose of this definition, aorta shall mean the thoracic and abdominal aorta but not its branches.

Surgery performed using only minimally invasive or intra-arterial techniques are excluded.

19 Alzheimer's Disease / Severe Dementia

Deterioration or loss of cognitive function as confirmed by clinical evaluation and imaging tests, arising from Alzheimer's disease or irreversible organic disorders, resulting in significant reduction in mental and social functioning requiring the continuous supervision of the life assured. This diagnosis must be supported by the clinical confirmation of an appropriate consultant and supported by the Company's appointed doctor.

The following are excluded:

- Non-organic diseases such as neurosis and psychiatric illnesses; and
- Alcohol related brain damage.

20 Fulminant Hepatitis

A submassive to massive necrosis of the liver by the Hepatitis virus, leading precipitously to liver failure. This diagnosis must be supported by all of the following:

- Rapid decreasing of liver size as confirmed by abdominal ultrasound;
- Necrosis involving entire lobules, leaving only a collapsed reticular framework;
- Rapid deterioration of liver function tests;
- Deepening jaundice; and
- Hepatic encephalopathy.

21 Motor Neurone Disease

Motor neurone disease characterised by progressive degeneration of corticospinal tracts and anterior horn cells or bulbar efferent neurones which include spinal muscular atrophy, progressive bulbar palsy, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis and primary lateral sclerosis. This diagnosis must be confirmed by a neurologist as progressive and resulting in permanent neurological deficit.

22 Primary Pulmonary Hypertension

Primary Pulmonary Hypertension with substantial right ventricular enlargement confirmed by investigations including cardiac catheterisation, resulting in permanent physical impairment of at least Class IV of the New York Heart Association (NYHA) Classification of Cardiac Impairment.

The NYHA Classification of Cardiac Impairment:

- Class I: No limitation of physical activity. Ordinary physical activity does not cause undue fatigue, dyspnea, or anginal pain.
- Class II: Slight limitation of physical activity. Ordinary physical activity results in symptoms.
- Class III: Marked limitation of physical activity. Comfortable at rest, but less than ordinary activity causes symptoms.
- Class IV: Unable to engage in any physical activity without discomfort. Symptoms may be present even at rest.

23 HIV Due to Blood Transfusion and Occupationally Acquired HIV

- A. Infection with the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) through a blood transfusion, provided that all of the following conditions are met:
 - The blood transfusion was medically necessary or given as part of a medical treatment;
 - The blood transfusion was received in Singapore after the Issue Date, Date of endorsement or Date of reinstatement of this Supplementary Contract, whichever is the later; and
 - The source of the infection is established to be from the Institution that provided the blood transfusion and the Institution is able to trace the origin of the HIV tainted blood.
- B. Infection with the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) which resulted from an accident occurring after the Issue Date, date of endorsement or date of reinstatement of this Supplementary Contract, whichever is the later whilst the Insured was carrying out the normal professional duties of his or her occupation in Singapore, provided that all of the following are proven to the Company's satisfaction:
 - Proof that the accident involved a definite source of the HIV infected fluids;
 - Proof of sero-conversion from HIV negative to HIV positive occurring during the 180 days after the documented accident. This proof must include a negative HIV antibody test conducted within 5 days of the accident; and
 - HIV infection resulting from any other means including sexual activity and the use of intravenous drugs is excluded.

This benefit is only payable when the occupation of the insured is a medical practitioner, housemen, medical student, state registered nurse, medical laboratory technician, dentist (surgeon and nurse) or paramedical worker, working in medical centre or clinic (in Singapore).

This benefit will not apply under either section A or B where a cure has become available prior to the infection. "Cure" means any treatment that renders the HIV inactive or non-infectious.

24 Benign Brain Tumor

Benign brain tumour means a non-malignant tumour located in the cranial vault and limited to the brain, meninges or cranial nerves where all of the following conditions are met:

- It has undergone surgical removal or, if inoperable, has caused a permanent neurological deficit; and
- Its presence must be confirmed by a neurologist or neurosurgeon and supported by findings on Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Computerised Tomography, or other reliable imaging techniques.

The following are excluded:

- Cysts;
- Abscess;
- Angioma;
- Granulomas;
- Vascular Malformations;
- Haematomas; and

- Tumours of the pituitary gland, spinal cord and skull base.

25 Severe Encephalitis

Severe inflammation of brain substance (cerebral hemisphere, brainstem or cerebellum) and resulting in permanent neurological deficit which must be documented for at least 6 weeks. This diagnosis must be certified by a consultant neurologist, and supported by any confirmatory diagnostic tests.

Encephalitis caused by HIV infection is excluded.

26 Severe Bacterial Meningitis

Bacterial infection resulting in severe inflammation of the membranes of the brain or spinal cord resulting in significant, irreversible and permanent neurological deficit. The neurological deficit must persist for at least 6 weeks. This diagnosis must be confirmed by:

- The presence of bacterial infection in cerebrospinal fluid by lumbar puncture; and
- A consultant neurologist.

Bacterial Meningitis in the presence of HIV infection is excluded.

27 Blindness (Irreversible Loss of Sight)

Permanent and irreversible loss of sight in both eyes as a result of illness or accident to the extent that even when tested with the use of visual aids, vision is measured at 6/60 or worse in both eyes using a Snellen eye chart or equivalent test, or visual field of 20 degrees or less in both eyes. The blindness must be confirmed by an ophthalmologist.

The blindness must not be correctable by surgical procedures, implants or any other means.

28 Major Head Trauma

Accidental head injury resulting in permanent neurological deficit to be assessed no sooner than 6 weeks from the date of the accident. This diagnosis must be confirmed by a consultant neurologist and supported by relevant findings on Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Computerised Tomography, or other reliable imaging techniques. "Accident" means an event of violent, unexpected, external, involuntary and visible nature which is independent of any other cause and is the sole cause of the head Injury.

The following are excluded:

- Spinal cord injury; and
- Head injury due to any other causes.

29 Paralysis (Irreversible Loss of Use of Limbs)

Total and irreversible loss of use of at least 2 entire limbs due to injury or disease persisting for a period of at least 6 weeks and with no foreseeable possibility of recovery. This condition must be confirmed by a consultant neurologist.

Self-inflicted injuries are excluded.

30 Terminal Illness

Terminal illness means “any condition caused by illness or injury, where at the time of claim, despite all reasonable medical treatment, the Life Assured is expected to live for no more than 12 months.”

The specialist medical practitioner treating the condition must provide supporting evidence of the condition, possible medical treatment, the prognosis after undergoing the possible medical treatment, and certify that the Life Assured is expected to live for no more than 12 months despite all possible medical intervention. We reserve the right to appoint an independent medical specialist who is an expert in the condition to confirm the diagnosis and prognosis.

Terminal illness in the presence of HIV infection is excluded.

31 Progressive Scleroderma

A systemic collagen-vascular disease causing progressive diffuse fibrosis in the skin, blood vessels and visceral organs. This diagnosis must be unequivocally confirmed by a consultant rheumatologist and supported by biopsy or equivalent confirmatory test, and serological evidence, and the disorder must have reached systemic proportions to involve the heart, lungs or kidneys.

The following are excluded:

- Localised scleroderma (linear scleroderma or morphea);
- Eosinophilic fascitis; and
- CREST syndrome.

32 Persistent Vegetative State (Apallic Syndrome)

Universal necrosis of the brain cortex with the brainstem intact. This diagnosis must be definitely confirmed by a consultant neurologist. This condition has to be medically documented for at least one month.

33 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus with Lupus Nephritis

The unequivocal diagnosis of Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) based on recognised diagnostic criteria and supported with clinical and laboratory evidence. In respect of this contract, systemic lupus erythematosus will be restricted to those forms of systemic lupus erythematosus which involve the kidneys (Class III to Class VI Lupus Nephritis, established by renal biopsy, and in accordance with the RPS/ISN classification system). The final diagnosis must be confirmed by a certified doctor specialising in Rheumatology and Immunology.

The RPS/ISN classification of lupus nephritis:

Class I	Minimal mesangial lupus nephritis
Class II	Mesangial proliferative lupus nephritis
Class III	Focal lupus nephritis (active and chronic; proliferative and sclerosing)
Class IV	Diffuse lupus nephritis (active and chronic; proliferative and sclerosing; segmental and global)
Class V	Membranous lupus nephritis
Class VI	Advanced sclerosis lupus nephritis

34 Other Serious Coronary Artery Disease

The narrowing of the lumen of at least one coronary artery by a minimum of 75% and of two others by a minimum of 60%, as proven by invasive coronary angiography, regardless of whether or not any form of coronary artery surgery has been performed.

The occurrence of the stenosis of the involved coronary arteries must be detected in a single invasive coronary angiography report performed in one sitting.

Diagnosis by Imaging or non-invasive diagnostic procedures such as CT scan or MRI does not meet the confirmatory status required by the definition.

Coronary arteries herein refer to left main stem, left anterior descending, circumflex and right coronary artery. The branches of the above coronary arteries are excluded.

35 Poliomyelitis

The occurrence of Poliomyelitis where the following conditions are met:

- Poliovirus is identified as the cause,
- Paralysis of the limb muscles or respiratory muscles must be present and persist for at least 3 months.

The diagnosis must be confirmed by a consultant neurologist or specialist in the relevant medical field.

36 Loss of Independent Existence

A condition as a result of a disease, illness or injury whereby the Life Assured is unable to perform (whether aided or unaided) at least 3 of the 6 "Activities of Daily Living", for a continuous period of 6 months. This condition must be confirmed by the company's approved doctor.

Non-organic diseases such as neurosis and psychiatric illnesses are excluded.

For the purpose of this definition, "aided" shall mean with the aid of special equipment, device and/or apparatus and not pertaining to human aid.

37 Cardiomyopathy

A definite diagnosis of cardiomyopathy by a cardiologist which results in permanently impaired ventricular function and resulting in permanent physical impairment of at least Class III of the New York Heart Association's classification of cardiac impairment. The diagnosis has to be supported by echocardiographic findings of compromised ventricular performance.

The NYHA Classification of Cardiac Impairment for Class III and Class IV means the following:

Class III: Marked limitation of physical activity. Comfortable at rest but less than ordinary activity causes symptoms.

Class IV: Unable to engage in any physical activity without discomfort. Symptoms may be present even at rest.

Cardiomyopathy directly related to alcohol or drug abuse is excluded.

Others

The following two terms can be found in some of the above definitions, and their meanings are as follows:

1. Permanent Neurological Deficit

Permanent means expected to last throughout the lifetime of the Life Assured.

Permanent neurological deficit means symptoms of dysfunction in the nervous system that are present on clinical examination and expected to last throughout the lifetime of the Life Assured. Symptoms that are covered include numbness, paralysis, localized weakness, dysarthria (difficulty with speech), aphasia (inability to speak), dysphagia (difficulty swallowing), visual impairment, difficulty in walking, lack of coordination, tremor, seizures, dementia, delirium and coma.

2. Activities of Daily Living (ADLs)

- (i) Washing - the ability to wash in the bath or shower (including getting into and out of the bath or shower) or wash satisfactorily by other means;
- (ii) Dressing - the ability to put on, take off, secure and unfasten all garments and, as appropriate, any braces, artificial limbs or other surgical appliances;
- (iii) Transferring - the ability to move from a bed to an upright chair or wheelchair and vice versa;
- (iv) Mobility - the ability to move indoors from room to room on level surfaces;
- (v) Toileting - the ability to use the lavatory or otherwise manage bowel and bladder functions so as to maintain a satisfactory level of personal hygiene;
- (vi) Feeding - the ability to feed oneself once food has been prepared and made available.